

Blood Transfusions for EMS Providers
Online Viewer Post-Test (1 hour Inservice)
Critical Care Paramedic Update Class 2012

Name: _____ Date Viewed: _____

Please circle the most appropriate answer based on this presentation.

1. The age of stored blood influences the likelihood of a transfusion related reaction.
 - a. True
 - b. False

2. When transporting a patient with a non-emergent blood transfusion currently infusing, vital signs should be re-assessed how often?
 - a. 15 minutes
 - b. 30 minutes
 - c. 45 minutes
 - d. 60 minutes

3. Low fibrinogen levels can be positively influenced by the administration of:
 - a. Factor 7a
 - b. Platelets
 - c. Packed Red Blood Cells
 - d. Cryoprecipitate

4. What is the leading cause of transfusion-related death?
 - a. Hypervolemia
 - b. Congestive heart failure
 - c. Acute lung injury
 - d. Allergic reaction

5. Coumadin can be reversed by the administration of:
 - a. Cryoprecipitate
 - b. Vitamin K
 - c. Factor 7a
 - d. Fresh Frozen Plasma

Ostomies, Drains & Tube Feedings
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1. A healthy ostomy stoma should be what color?
 - a. Dusky gray
 - b. Pale
 - c. Pink
 - d. Red

2. Medications should be administered through a j-tube?
 - a. True
 - b. False

3. Which of the following tubes does NOT allow for residual checks of gastric contents?
 - a. NG
 - b. NJ
 - c. G
 - d. PEG

4. Tube feedings are primarily administered to maintain caloric intake?
 - a. True
 - b. False

5. Abdominal compartment syndrome can be avoided by the placement of a:
 - a. Jackson-Pratt drain
 - b. Blake drain
 - c. Chest tubes
 - d. Silo